New and highly active catalysts for the polymerisation of beta-olefin derivatives

About technology

The technology offered is the synthesis of novel chromium (III) picolinate dipicolinate complex compounds. The innovative. newly obtained nonmetallocene chromium (III) complexes show very high catalytic activity in the polymerisation of beta-olefin derivative. The calculated catalytic activity for the new catalysts is 2609.86 g·mmol⁻¹·h⁻¹ for $[Cr(dipic)_2][Cr(bipy)(dipic)H_2O]\cdot 2H_2O$, 2254.57g·mmol-1·h-1 for [Cr(dipic)₂]Hdmbipy·2,5H₂O and 1434.33 g·mmol⁻¹·h⁻¹. for $[Cr(2-pic)_2(OH_2)_2]NO_3$.

The proposed polymerisation process involves newly synthesised catalysts and developed catalytic procedures at room temperature, under atmospheric pressure. The synthesis of the new compounds is cheap, easy and efficient. The new catalysts can be used in the metathesis of olefins and derivatives. The metathesis reaction synthesis of many new allows the chemicals with different properties. The technology shows potential for industrial use as catalysts in the polymerisation of beta-olefin derivatives, which are used in the production of adhesives, hydrogels, substances used in the chemical industry, coatings and elastomers.



Research Team

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IP Protection

The invention is the subject of patent protection:

- Pat.238757, UPRP,
- Pat.238758, UPRP.

Implementation progress

TRL 4 –Technology validated in laboratory conditions

Cooperation opportunities

- Licensing agreement
- Transfer of ownership
- Spin off